

YOLO-SOLANO AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

1947 Galileo Court , Suite 103; Davis, CA 95618

Diesel Fired Emergency Internal Combustion Engine Emission Evaluation

ENGINEER: Nancy Fletcher

COMPANY NAME: University of California, Davis

ENGINE LOCATION: The engine will be located at various locations within the Main UCD Campus and UCD Research Park Facilities in Davis. The engine will not be located within 1,000 feet of a K-12 school and is not subject to the requirements of H&S 42301.6.

PROPOSAL: The applicant is proposing a significant Title V permit modification to install a diesel fired emergency internal combustion (IC) engine.

The facility is currently operating under Title V Operating Permit F-00454-18, effective February 2, 2011. This evaluation will serve as both the District emission evaluation and the Title V Statement of Basis. This evaluation reflects only the requirements pertaining to C-10-105. Emission units that are not affected by this proposal were evaluated in the original Statement of Basis or the subsequent iterations and will not be reviewed in this evaluation.

The changes to the Title V permit will include changes evaluated under ATC C-10-93.

PROCESS: Internal combustion (IC) engine powering an emergency generator

FLOW DIAGRAM: None required.

IDENTIFICATION: P-7-11

EQUIPMENT: 613 BHP diesel fired John Deere IC engine, Model No. 6135HF485T, Serial No. TBD, Model Year 2010, EPA Certified Tier III Engine

CONTROL EQUIPMENT: Aftercooler and turbocharger

APPLICATION DATA:

<u>Operating Schedule</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Max. Daily Operation =	24 hours/day	Td	Applicant
Max. 1st Quarter Operation =	200 hours/quarter	T1	Applicant
Max. 2nd Quarter Operation =	200 hours/quarter	T2	Applicant
Max. 3rd Quarter Operation =	200 hours/quarter	T3	Applicant
Max. 4th Quarter Operation =	200 hours/quarter	T4	Applicant
Max. Yearly Operation =	200 hours/year	Ty	Applicant

<u>Engine Data</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Maximum BHP Rating =	613 BHP	HP	Manufacturer's Data
Exhaust Volume =	2,860 ACFM	EV	Manufacturer's Data
Exhaust Temperature =	1,340 Degrees Rankine (F+460)	ET	Manufacturer's Data
Hourly Fuel Consumption =	30.6 Gallons	FT	Manufacturer's Data

ASSUMPTIONS:

	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Sulfur Content of Fuel =	0.0015 %	SC	CARB Certified Diesel
Standard Temperature =	528 Degrees Rankine (F+460)	ST	STAPPA-ALAPCO, Pg. 1-7 (5/30/91)
Moisture Content =	10 %	PM	STAPPA-ALAPCO, Pg. 1-7 (5/30/91)
BTU Content =	19,300 BTU/lb	BC	AP-42, Table 3.4-1(a) (10/96)
Density =	7.1 lb/gallon	DE	AP-42, Table 3.4-1(a) (10/96)

<u>Diesel Particulate Control</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Particulate Controls =	No		Applicant

Baseline Reduction = 0 % CE Manufacturer's Data

EMISSION FACTORS:	Units	Formula Symbol	Reference
VOC =	0.1 g/bhp-hr	EFvoc	Manufacturer's Data
CO =	0.6 g/bhp-hr	EFco	Manufacturer's Data
NOx =	2.6 g/bhp-hr	EFnox	Manufacturer's Data
SOx =	0.0055 g/bhp-hr	EFsox	AP-42, Table 3.4-1 (10/96) *
TSP/PM10 =	0.09 g/bhp-hr	EFpm	Manufacturer's Data**

* Only the emission factor listed in Table 3.4-1 is used since it assumes all fuel bound sulfur is converted to SOx.

** All particulate matter is assumed to be less than 1 micrometer aerodynamic diameter (AP-42, Section 3.3).

CALCULATIONS:

1. Determine the Permitted Diesel Fuel Limits:

Daily Diesel Limit = Td * FT =	734 gallons
1st Quarter Diesel Limit = T1 * FT =	6,113 gallons
2nd Quarter Diesel Limit = T2 * FT =	6,113 gallons
3rd Quarter Diesel Limit = T3 * FT =	6,113 gallons
4th Quarter Diesel Limit = T4 * FT =	6,113 gallons
Yearly Diesel Limit = Ty * FT =	6,113 gallons

2. Determine Dry Standard Cubic Feet of Exhaust:

$$\text{DSCFM Exhaust} = \text{EV} * \text{ST/ET} * (100\% - \text{PM}) = 1,014.2 \text{ dscfm}$$

Formula
Symbol
SCFM

3. Determine Yearly MMBtu combusted in Engine for Toxics:

$$\text{Yearly MMBtu} = \text{Ty} * \text{FT} * \text{DE} * \text{BC} * (1 \text{ MMBtu}/1,000,000 \text{ Btu}) = 837.6 \text{ MMBtu/year}$$

EMISSION CALCULATIONS:

1. Determine VOC Emissions:

Max Daily VOC Emissions = Td * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	3.2 lb/day
1st Quarter VOC Emissions = T1 * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	27 lb/quarter
2nd Quarter VOC Emissions = T2 * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	27 lb/quarter
3rd Quarter VOC Emissions = T3 * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	27 lb/quarter
4th Quarter VOC Emissions = T4 * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	27 lb/quarter
Max Yearly VOC Emissions = Ty * HP * EFvoc * (1 lb/453.6 g) * (1 ton/2,000 lb) =	0.01 tons/year

2. Determine CO Emissions:

Max. Daily CO Emissions = Td * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	19.5 lb/day
1st Quarter CO Emissions = T1 * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	162 lb/quarter
2nd Quarter CO Emissions = T2 * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	162 lb/quarter
3rd Quarter CO Emissions = T3 * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	162 lb/quarter
4th Quarter CO Emissions = T4 * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	162 lb/quarter
Max. Yearly CO Emissions = Ty * HP * EFco * (1 lb/453.6 g) * (1 ton/2,000 lb) =	0.08 tons/year

3. Determine NOx Emissions:

Max. Hourly NOx Emissions = HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	3.5 lb/hour
Max. Daily NOx Emissions = Td * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	84.3 lb/day
1st Quarter NOx Emissions = T1 * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	703 lb/quarter
2nd Quarter NOx Emissions = T2 * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	703 lb/quarter
3rd Quarter NOx Emissions = T3 * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	703 lb/quarter
4th Quarter NOx Emissions = T4 * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	703 lb/quarter
Max. Yearly NOx Emissions = Ty * HP * EFnox * (1 lb/453.6 g) * (1 ton/2,000 lb) =	0.35 tons/year

4. Determine SOx Emissions:

Max. Hourly SOx Emissions = HP * EFsox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	0.0 lb/hour
Max. Daily SOx Emissions = Td * HP * EFsox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	0.2 lb/day
1st Quarter SOx Emissions = T1 * HP * EFsox * (1 lb/453.6 g) =	1 lb/quarter

2nd Quarter SOx Emissions = $T2 * HP * EF_{sox} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) =$	1 lb/quarter
3rd Quarter SOx Emissions = $T3 * HP * EF_{sox} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) =$	1 lb/quarter
4th Quarter SOx Emissions = $T4 * HP * EF_{sox} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) =$	1 lb/quarter
Max. Yearly SOx Emissions = $Ty * HP * EF_{sox} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (1 \text{ ton}/2,000 \text{ lb}) =$	0.00 tons/year

5. Determine TSP/PM10 Emissions:

Max. Hourly TSP/PM10 Ems. = $HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	0.1 lb/hour
Max. Daily TSP/PM10 Ems. = $Td * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	2.9 lb/day
1st Quarter TSP/PM10 Ems. = $T1 * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	24 lb/quarter
2nd Quarter TSP/PM10 Ems. = $T2 * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	24 lb/quarter
3rd Quarter TSP/PM10 Ems. = $T3 * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	24 lb/quarter
4th Quarter TSP/PM10 Ems. = $T4 * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (100\%-CE) =$	24 lb/quarter
Yearly TSP/PM10 Ems. = $Ty * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ lb}/453.6 \text{ g}) * (1 \text{ ton}/2,000 \text{ lb}) * (100\%-CE) =$	0.01 tons/year

6. Determine Particulate Matter Emission Concentration:

PM Conc. = $[PM \text{ lb/hr}] * (7,000 \text{ grains/lb}) * (1 \text{ hr}/60 \text{ min}) * (1/\text{SCFM}) =$	0.01 gr/dscf
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7. Determine SOx Emission Concentration:

SOx % = $[SOx \text{ lb/hr}] * (385 \text{ scf/lb-mole}) * (\text{lb-mole}/64 \text{ lb}) * (1 \text{ hr}/60 \text{ min}) * (1/\text{SCFM}) * 100\% =$	0.0001 %
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8. Determine Particulate Matter Emission Rate:

PM Emission Rate = $Ty * HP * EF_{pm} * (1 \text{ year}/8,760 \text{ hrs}) * (1 \text{ hr}/3,600 \text{ sec}) * (100\%-CE) =$	0.0003 grams/sec
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**Formula
Symbol**
ER

RULE & REGULATION COMPLIANCE EVALUATION:

District Rule 2.3-Ringelmann

This rule specifies the allowable opacity limit for all sources operating in the District.

Compliance Status: The rule applies to any visible emissions at the stationary source. The version of the rule used in this evaluation is the rule adopted on October 1, 1971, and is part of the California State Implementation Plan (SIP). The source is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Requirement: A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever, any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three (3) minutes in any one hour which is:

- As dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 2 on the Ringelmann Chart as published by the United States Bureau of Mines; or
- Of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree equal to or greater than does smoke described in subsection a. of this rule. [SIP approved version of District Rule 2.3]

Subsuming Demonstration: On January 13, 2010 the District revised Rule 2.3 and is currently taking steps to include the revised rule in the SIP. The revised version of the rule reads:

The permit holder shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever, any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three (3) minutes in any one hour which is:

- As dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart; or
- Greater than 20% opacity. [District Rule 2.3]

Permit Condition: The permit holder shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever, any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three (3) minutes in any one hour which is:

- As dark or darker in shade as that designated as No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart; or
- Greater than 20% opacity. [District Rule 2.3 and 3.4]

District Rule 2.5-Nuisance

This rule requires that sources are not a public nuisance.

Compliance Status: The rule applies to all emission units at the stationary source. The source is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall not discharge from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other

material which cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance to any considerable number of persons or to the public or which endanger the comfort, repose, health, or safety of any such persons or the public or which cause to have a natural tendency to cause injury or damage to business or property.

A condition will not be placed on the ATC, but will be added to the PTO upon implementation.

[The permit condition is federally enforceable because it derives from District Rule 2.5 - Nuisance which is currently part of the SIP. The District is taking steps to remove District Rule 2.5 from the SIP. Once the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has taken final action to remove District Rule 2.5 from the SIP, this permit condition will become State-enforceable only.]

District Rule 2.11 - Particulate Matter

This rule specifies the allowable particulate matter (PM) emission rate at standard conditions. For the purpose of this evaluation, the PM emissions are considered to be 100% PM10 (PM with an aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less).

Compliance Status: The proposed IC engine is subject to this rule. The version of the rule used in this evaluation is the rule adopted on June 19, 1974 and included in the current SIP. The proposed boiler is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Requirement: Except as otherwise permitted by law, no person shall release or discharge into the atmosphere, from any source, particulate matter in excess of 0.3 grains per cubic foot of exhaust volume as calculated standard conditions. [SIP approved version of District Rule 2.11]

Subsuming Demonstration: On January 13, 2010 the District revised Rule 2.11 and is currently taking steps to include the revised rule in the SIP. The revised version of the rule reads:

A person shall not release or discharge into the atmosphere, from any single source operation, dust fumes or total suspended particulate matter emissions in excess of 0.1 grain per cubic foot of gas at dry standard conditions. [District Rule 2.11]

As shown above in Emission Calculations #6, the PM concentration is expected to be in compliance with this requirement.

Emission Rate (gr/dscf)
0.01

Allowable Rate (gr/dscf)
0.1

Compliance
Yes

The requirements of the SIP can be subsumed by the Authority of District Rule 3.4, New Source Review. P-7-11 is also subject to the federally applicable PM emission limit of 2.9 lbs/day (established by Rule 3.4, Section 409.2).

Permit Condition: Permit Condition: PM10 emissions shall not exceed 2.9 lb/day, 24 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.01 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

District Rule 2.12, Section A-Sulfur Compounds

This rule specifies the allowable sulfur dioxide and particulate matter combustion contaminant emission rates at standard conditions. For the purposes of this evaluation, the sulfur oxide (SOx) emissions are considered to be 100% SO2.

Compliance Status: The proposed IC engine is subject to this rule. The rule applies to any source operation which emits, or may emit sulfur gaseous emissions and particulate matter combustion contaminants. The version of the used in this evaluation is the rule adopted on January 21, 1972 and included in the current SIP. The proposed boiler is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Requirement: A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever, any one or more of the following contaminants, in any state or combination thereof, in excess of the following concentrations at the point of discharge:

A. Sulfur compounds calculated as sulfur dioxide (SO2) 0.2%, by volume at standard conditions.

B. Particulate Matter Combustion Contaminants: 0.3 grains per cubic foot of gas calculated to 12 percent of carbon dioxide (CO2) at standard conditions, except during the start of an operation or change in energy source, during the necessary to bring the combustion process up to operating level. In measuring the combustion contaminants from incinerators used to dispose of combustible refuse by burning, the carbon dioxide (CO2) produced by combustion of any liquid of gaseous fuels shall be excluded from the calculation to 12 percent of carbon dioxide (CO2). [SIP approved version of District Rule 2.12]

Subsuming Demonstration: On January 13, 2010 the District revised Rule 2.12 and is currently taking steps to include the revised rule in the SIP. The revised version of the rule reads:

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever, any one or more of the following contaminants, in any state or combination thereof, in excess of the following concentrations at the point of discharge:

- A. Sulfur compounds calculated as sulfur dioxide (SO₂) 0.2%, by volume at standard conditions.
 B. Particulate Matter Combustion Contaminants: 0.1 grains per cubic foot of gas calculated to 12 percent of carbon dioxide (CO₂) at standard conditions. [District Rule 2.12]

As shown above in Emission Calculations #7, the sulfur concentration (in percent) is expected to be in compliance with the requirement. Compliance with the particulate limit is demonstrated in Calculation #6 (See 2.11).

<u>Emission Rate (% SO_x as SO₂)</u>	<u>Allowable Rate (% SO_x as SO₂)</u>	<u>Compliance</u>
0.0001	0.2	Yes

The requirements of the SIP can be subsumed by the Authority of District Rule 3.4, New Source Review. P-7-11 is also subject to the federally applicable SO_x emission limit of 0.2 lbs/day (established by Rule 3.4, Section 409.2).

Permit Condition: SO_x emissions shall not exceed 0.2 lb/day, 1 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and negligible tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

District Rule 2.16 - Fuel Burning or Power Generation

This rule specifies the allowable sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides calculated as nitrogen dioxide, and combustion particulate limits for non-mobile fuel burning equipment for a heat or power generating unit in the District.

Compliance Status: The IC engine is subject to this rule. The version of the rule used in this evaluation is the rule adopted on October 1, 1971 and included in the current SIP. The proposed boiler is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Requirement: A person shall not build, expand, or operate any non-mobile fuel burning equipment for a heat or power generator unit unless the discharge into the atmosphere of contaminants will not and does not exceed any one or more of the following rates:

1. 200 pounds per hour of sulfur compounds, calculated as SO₂;
2. 140 pounds per hour of nitrogen oxides, calculated as nitrogen dioxide (NO₂);
3. 40 pounds per hour of combustion particulate derived from the fuel. [SIP approved version of District Rule 2.16]

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Allowable</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Compliance</u>
SO _x	200 lb/hr	0.0 lb/hr	Yes
NO _x	140 lb/hr	3.5 lb/hr	Yes
PM	40 lb/hr	0.1 lb/hr	Yes

Subsuming Demonstration: The requirements of the SIP can be subsumed by the Authority of District Rule 3.4, New Source Review. P-7-11 is also subject to the federally applicable SO_x emission limit of 0.2 lbs/day, NO_x emission limit of 84.3 lbs/day and particulate emission limit of 2.9 lbs/day (established by Rule 3.4, Section 409.2).

Permit Condition: SO_x emissions shall not exceed 0.2 lb/day, 1 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and negligible tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: NO_x emissions shall not exceed 84.3 lb/day, 703 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.35 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: PM₁₀ emissions shall not exceed 2.9 lb/day, 24 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.01 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

District Rule 2.32-Stationary Internal Combustion Engines

The purpose of the rule is to limit emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and carbon monoxides (CO) from stationary internal combustion engines. The rule applies to any stationary internal combustion engines rated at more than 50 brake horsepower, operated on any gaseous fuel, including liquid petroleum gas, or diesel fuel. The rule shall not apply to engines used directly and exclusively for agricultural operations necessary for the growing of crops or the raising of fowl or animals.

Compliance Status: The IC engine is subject to this rule. The version of the rule used in this evaluation was adopted on October 10, 2001 and is part of the current SIP. The engine will have limited hours per year for maintenance operations and 200 hours per year for total use, and is therefore exempt from the rule (except Section 503) pursuant to Section 110.3. Section 503 requires that the source maintain a log of the engine's operating hours and that the log be retained for two years.

Requirement: An owner or operator claiming an exemption under Section 110.2 or 110.3 of this Rule shall maintain a log of operating hours for each engine. The log of operating hours shall be retained for two years and be made available to the Air Pollution Control

Officer upon request.

Subsuming Demonstration: Title 17 CCR Section 93115-Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines, requires the owner or operator maintain logs (see below). The The District Rule 3.8, Federal Operating Permits requirement of Section 302.6.b requires records be retained for a period of five (5) years. The log and record-keeping requirements of Rule 2.32 will be subsumed by ATCM, Rule 3.4 and 3.8 requirements.

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall not operate the IC engine more than 200 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 3.4, §110.2/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall maintain a monthly log of usage that shall list and document the nature of use for each of the following:

- a. Emergency use hours of operation;
- b. Maintenance and testing hours of operation;
- c. Hours of operation for emission testing to show compliance with Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.6(a)(3) and 93115.6(b)(3);
- d. Initial start-up hours; and
- e. Fuel use through the retention of fuel purchase records which indicate that the fuel used in the IC engine is CARB certified diesel fuel or an approved ATCM compliant alternative fuel. [District Rule 3.4, §402 and Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.10(g)(1)/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall retain the log for a minimum of 60 months (5 years) from the date of entry. Log entries made within 24 months of the most recent entry shall be retained on-site and made immediately available to the District staff upon request. Log entries made from 25 to 60 months from most recent entry shall be made available to District staff within 5 working days from request. [District Rule 3.8, §302.6 and Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.10(g)(2)/C-10-105]

District Rule 3.1-General Permit Requirements

The purpose of this rule is to provide an orderly procedure for the review of new sources of air pollution and of the modification and operation of existing sources through the issuance of permits.

Compliance Status: The source has satisfied the provisions of General Permit Requirements. The rule applies to all emission units at the stationary source. The version of the rule used in this evaluation was adopted on February 23, 1994 and is part of the current SIP. The General Permit Requirements are shown below.

Permit Condition: No person shall build, erect, alter, or replace any facility, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants, or the use of which may eliminate or reduce or control the issuance of air contaminants, without first obtaining an authorization to construct from the Air Pollution Control Officer as specified in Section 401 of District Rule 3.1. [District Rule 3.1, §301.1]

Permit Condition: No person shall operate any facility, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, for which an authorization to construct is required by District Rules and Regulations without first obtaining a written permit from the Air Pollution Control Officer. [District Rule 3.1, §302.1]

Permit Condition: No person shall operate any facility, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance, the use of which may cause the issuance of air contaminants or the use of which may eliminate or reduce or control the issuance of air contaminants, without obtaining a permit from the Air Pollution Control Officer or the Hearing Board. [District Rule 3.1, §302.2]

Permit Condition: To assure compliance with all applicable regulations, the Air Pollution Control Officer may impose written conditions on any authorization to construct or permit to operate. The Air Pollution Control Officer may, after 30-day notice to the permittee, add or amend written conditions on any permit upon annual renewal to ensure compliance with and enforceability of any applicable rule or regulation. Additional provisions, as required by Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act, for the reopening of permits are specified in Rule 3.8, FEDERAL OPERATING PERMITS. Commencing work or operation under such a revised permits shall be deemed acceptance of all of the conditions so specified. [District Rule 3.1, §402]

Permit Condition: The owner or operator of any facility, article, machine, equipment, or other contrivance for which a permit to operate is in effect shall notify the District office whenever a breakdown, malfunction, or operational upset condition exists which would tend to increase emissions of air pollutants or whenever any operating condition contrary to any provision of the permit to operate exists. Such notice shall be given to the District no later than four hours after occurrence during regular workday hours or no later than two hours of the District workday following an occurrence not during regular District workday hours. The notice shall provide the District information as to causes and corrective action being taken, with a schedule for return to required operating conditions. [District Rule 3.1, §405.3]

District Rule 3.4-New Source Review

This rule applies to all new stationary sources and emissions units and all modifications to existing stationary sources and emissions units which are subject to Rule 3.1, General Permit Requirements, and which, after construction or modification, emit or may emit any affected pollutants. This rule shall not apply to prescribed burning of forest, agriculture or range land, road construction or any other non-point source common to timber harvesting or agricultural practices. The purpose of this rule is to provide for the review of new and modified stationary air pollution sources and to provide mechanisms, including emission offsets, by which authorities to construct to such sources may be granted without interfering with the attainment or maintenance of ambient air quality standards.

Compliance Status: The source has satisfied the provisions of New Source Review. The New Source Review requirements will be imposed on the Authority to Construct (ATCs) issued to the source. The version of the rule used in this evaluation was adopted on August 13, 1997 and is part of the current SIP.

PROPOSED EMISSION SUMMARY FOR NEW OR MODIFIED PERMIT

	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Yearly</u>	
VOC	3.2 lb	0.01 tons	Use for annual billing
CO	19.5 lb	0.08 tons	Use for annual billing
NOx	84.3 lb	0.35 tons	Use for annual billing
SOx	0.2 lb	0.00 tons	Use for annual billing
PM10	2.9 lb	0.01 tons	Use for annual billing

	<u>Quarterly</u>			
	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	27	27	27	27
CO (lb)	162	162	162	162
NOx (lb)	703	703	703	703
SOx (lb)	1	1	1	1
PM10 (lb)	24	24	24	24

Previous quarterly potential to emit for modified permit*

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	0	0	0	0
CO (lb)	0	0	0	0
NOx (lb)	0	0	0	0
SOx (lb)	0	0	0	0
PM10 (lb)	0	0	0	0

* This is a new emissions unit, therefore the previous potential to emit (PTE) is zero.

Historic potential emissions for modified permit*

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	0	0	0	0
CO (lb)	0	0	0	0
NOx (lb)	0	0	0	0
SOx (lb)	0	0	0	0
PM10 (lb)	0	0	0	0

* This is a new emissions unit, therefore the historic PTE is zero.

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Trigger</u> (lb/day)	<u>BACT</u>	<u>Quarterly Increase</u>	<u>BACT Trigger</u>
		<u>Proposed</u> (lb/day)		
VOC	10	3	Yes	No
CO	250	19	Yes	No
NOx	10	84	Yes	Yes
SOx	80	0	Yes	No
PM10	80	3	Yes	No

OFFSETS**Quarterly permitted emissions for other permits at the stationary source***

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	13,618	13,676	13,790	13,853
CO (lb)	207,658	209,612	211,789	212,029

NOx (lb)	51,680	51,862	52,295	52,556
SOx (lb)	7,546	7,554	7,562	7,564
PM10 (lb)	10,788	10,858	10,942	10,959

* Per Policy 28, the calculated PTE for all other permitted units not including emergency-use IC engines.

Quarterly permitted emissions for the stationary source including proposed emissions*

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	13,618	13,676	13,790	13,853
CO (lb)	207,658	209,612	211,789	212,029
NOx (lb)	51,680	51,862	52,295	52,556
SOx (lb)	7,546	7,554	7,562	7,564
PM10 (lb)	10,788	10,858	10,942	10,959

* Per Policy 28, since the proposed IC engine is to be used for emergency purposes, the unit's proposed PTE will not be included in the facility's total quarterly PTE calculations.

Offset triggers

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
CO (lb)	49,500	49,500	49,500	49,500
NOx (lb)	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
SOx (lb)	13,650	13,650	13,650	13,650
PM10 (lb)	13,650	13,650	13,650	13,650

Quantity of offsets required *

	<u>1st</u>	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	<u>4th</u>
VOC (lb)	27	27	27	27
CO (lb)	162	162	162	162
NOx (lb)	703	703	703	703
SOx (lb)	0	0	0	0
PM10 (lb)	0	0	0	0

* The engine meets the requirements of District Rule 3.4, Section 110 and is exempt from offset requirements.

MAJOR MODIFICATION

Facility Total Potential to Emit

29.54 TPY VOC
422.98 TPY CO
153.57 TPY NOx
7.74 TPY SOx
20.63 TPY PM10

Major Source Thresholds

25 TPY VOC
100 TPY CO
25 TPY NOx
100 TPY SOx
100 TPY PM10

Last five year emission aggregate

5.02 TPY VOC
5.78 TPY CO
15.10 TPY NOx
0.53 TPY SOx
6.61 TPY PM10

Major Modification Thresholds

25 TPY VOC
100 TPY CO
25 TPY NOx
40 TPY SOx
25 TPY PM10

Result: The proposed modification is not a major modification

PUBLIC NOTICE

"Increase in historic potential to emit"

27 lb VOC/quarter
162 lb CO/quarter
703 lb NOx/quarter
1 lb SOx/quarter
24 lb PM10/quarter

Exemption level for notification

7,500 lb VOC/quarter
49,500 lb CO/quarter
7,500 lb NOx/quarter
13,650 lb SOx/quarter
13,650 lb PM10/quarter

Result: Public notice is not required

Permit Condition: VOC emissions shall not exceed 3.2 lb/day, 27 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.01 tons/year.
[District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: CO emissions shall not exceed 19.5 lb/day, 162 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.08 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: NOx emissions shall not exceed 84.3 lb/day, 703 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.35 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: SOx emissions shall not exceed 0.2 lb/day, 1 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and negligible tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: PM10 emissions shall not exceed 2.9 lb/day, 24 lb/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 0.01 tons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The maximum amount of diesel consumption shall not exceed 734 gallons/day, 6,113 gallons/1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th calendar quarter, and 6,113 gallons/year. [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall only refuel the IC engine with CARB certified diesel fuel. [District Rule 3.4, Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.5 and 40 CFR Part 60.4207/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall not operate the IC engine more than 50 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing purposes, and such operation shall be scheduled in cooperation with the District so as to limit air quality impact. [District Rule 3.4, §110.1, Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.6(a)(3)(A) and 40 CFR Part 60.4211/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall not operate the IC engine more than 200 hours per calendar year. [District Rule 3.4, §110.2/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall not operate the IC engine for the supplying of power to a serving utility for distribution on the grid. [District Rule 3.4, §110.3/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder's operation of the IC engine for reasons other than maintenance purposes shall be limited to actual interruptions of electrical power by the serving utility. [District Rule 3.4, §110.4/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall install and maintain a non-resettable hour meter with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours. [District Rule 3.4, Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.10(e)(1)40 and CFR Part 60.4209/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall maintain a monthly log of usage that shall list and document the nature of use for each of the following:

- a. Emergency use hours of operation;
- b. Maintenance and testing hours of operation;
- c. Hours of operation for emission testing to show compliance with Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.6(a)(3) and 93115.6(b)(3);
- d. Initial start-up hours; and
- e. Fuel use through the retention of fuel purchase records which indicate that the fuel used in the IC engine is CARB certified diesel fuel or an approved ATCM compliant alternative fuel. [District Rule 3.4 and Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.10(g)(1)/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall maintain the engine and control device according to the manufacturer's instructions or alternate procedures approved by the manufacturer. [District Rule 3.4 and 40 CFR Part 60.4206 and 60.4211/C-10-105]

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall retain the log for a minimum of 60 months (5 years) from the date of entry. Log entries made within 24 months of the most recent entry shall be retained on-site and made immediately available to the District staff upon request. Log entries made from 25 to 60 months from most recent entry shall be made available to District staff within 5 working days from request. [District Rule 3.4, 3.8, §302.6 and Title 17 CCR, Section 93115.10(g)(2)/C-10-105]

District Rule 3.8-Federal Operating Permits

This rule implements the requirements of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act as amended in 1990 (CAA) for permits to operate. Title V provides for the establishment of operating permit programs for sources which emit regulated air pollutants, including attainment and non-attainment pollutants.

Compliance Status: The Rule was originally adopted on January 26, 1994. The most recent revision dates April 11, 2001 and is part of the current SIP. The source is currently in compliance with the requirements of the rule.

Per Section 102, this rule applies to all major sources, acid rain units subject to Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act (CAA), solid waste

incinerators, and any other sources specifically designated by the rule of US EPA.

The facility is a federal major source due to potential to emit over 25 tons VOC per year, 100 tons CO per year, and 25 tons NOx per year. The facility has an existing Title V Permit. Revisions to the Title V permit will be processed immediately following the approval of this application. The proposed revisions to the Title V permit will concurrently undergo a 30-day public comment period and a 45-day EPA comment period. Enhanced NSR has been requested by the applicant, as allowed by District Rule 3.4. The requirements of this ATC will be incorporated into the Title V permit upon written request from the applicant after all noticing has been done and the project is completed.

The facility's Title V Permit will be issued with all applicable operating, monitoring, and recordkeeping requirements. Per Section 302.6, the source will be required to maintain all required records for a period of five (5) years.

Title V General Requirements - Permit Conditions

The following conditions will not be placed on the ATC or PTO. These requirements will be included in the Title V Operating Permit only.

Permit Condition -Right of Entry:

The permit shall require that the source allow the entry of the District, ARB, or U.S. EPA officials for the purpose of inspection and sampling, including:

- a. Inspection of the stationary source, including equipment, work practices, operations, and emissions-related activity;
- b. Inspection and duplication of records required by the permit to operate; and
- c. Source sampling or other monitoring activities. [District Rule 3.8, §302.10]

Permit Condition -Compliance with Permit Conditions:

The Permit Holder shall comply with all Title V permit conditions. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11a]

The permit does not convey property rights or exclusive privilege of any sort. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11b]

Non-compliance with any permit condition is grounds for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, modification, enforcement action, or denial of permit renewal. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11c]

The Permit Holder shall not use the "need to halt or reduce a permitted activity in order to maintain compliance" as a defense for non-compliance with any permit condition. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11d]

A pending permit action or notification of anticipated non-compliance does not stay any permit condition. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11e]

Within a reasonable time period, the Permit Holder shall furnish any information requested by the APCO, in writing, for the purpose of determining:

- a. Compliance with the permit; or
- b. Whether or not cause exists for a permit or enforcement action. [District Rule 3.8, §302.11f]

Permit Condition -Emergency Provisions:

Within two weeks of an emergency event, the owner or operator shall submit to the District a properly signed contemporaneous log or other relevant evidence demonstrating that:

- a. An emergency occurred;
 - b. The Permit Holder can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - c. The facility was being properly operated at the time of the emergency;
 - d. All steps were taken to minimize the emissions resulting from the emergency; and
 - e. Within two working days of the emergency event, the Permit Holder provided the District with a description of the emergency and any mitigating or corrective actions taken; and
- In any enforcement proceeding, the Permit Holder has the burden of proof for establishing that an emergency occurred. [District Rule 3.8, §302.12]

Permit Condition -Severability:

If any provision, clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of these conditions for any reason is judged to be unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect or invalidate the remainder of these conditions. [District Rule 3.8, §302.13]

Compliance Certification:

Requirement: Section 302.14(a) of Rule 3.8 requires "the responsible official shall submit a compliance certification to the U.S. EPA and the APCO every twelve (12) months unless required more frequently by an applicable requirement. All compliance reports and

other documents required to be submitted to the District by the responsible official shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete."

Streamlining Demonstration: As shown in the following permit conditions, the standard annual compliance certification reporting language of Rule 3.8 (Federal Operating Permits), will be streamlined under the provisions of Rule 3.4 to include specific reporting and submittal dates:

Permit Condition -Compliance Certification:

The Responsible Official shall submit a compliance certification to the U.S. EPA and the APCO every twelve (12) months unless required more frequently by an applicable requirement. The twelve (12) month period will begin on January 1 and end on December 31, and will be due by January 31 for the previous reporting year, unless otherwise approved in writing by the District. All compliance reports and other documents required to be submitted to the District by the responsible official shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

The compliance certification shall identify the basis for each permit term or condition (e.g., specify the emissions limitation, standard, or work practice) and a means of monitoring compliance with the term or condition consistent with Sections 302.5, 302.6, and 302.7 of Rule 3.8. [District Rule 3.8, §302.14b]

The compliance certification shall include a statement of the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, and method(s) used to determine compliance for the current time period and over the entire reporting period. [District Rule 3.8, §302.14c]

The compliance certification shall include any additional inspection, monitoring, or entry requirement that may be promulgated pursuant to Sections 114(a) and 504(b) of the Federal Clean Air Act. [District Rule 3.8, §302.14d]

Permit Condition -Permit Life:

The Title V permit shall expire five years from the date of issuance. Title V permit expiration terminates the stationary source's right to operate unless a timely and complete Title V permit application for renewal has been submitted. [District Rule 3.8, §302.15]

Permit Condition -Payment of Fees:

An owner or operator shall pay the appropriate Title V permit fees on schedule. If fees are not paid on schedule, the permit is forfeited. Operation without a permit subjects the source to potential enforcement action by the District and the U.S. EPA pursuant to Section 502(a) of the CAA. [District Rule 3.8, §302.16]

Permit Condition -Permit Revision Exemption:

No permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in the permit. [District Rule 3.8, §302.22]

Permit Condition -Application Requirements:

An owner or operator shall submit a standard District application for renewal of the Title V permit, no earlier than 18 months and no later than six months before the expiration date of the current permit to operate. [District Rule 3.8, §402.2]

An owner or operator shall submit a standard District application for each emissions unit affected by a proposed permit revision that qualifies as a significant Title V permit modification. The application shall be submitted after obtaining any required preconstruction permits. Upon request by the APCO, the owner or operator shall submit copies of the latest preconstruction permit for each affected emissions unit. The emissions unit(s) shall not commence operation until the APCO approves the permit revision. [District Rule 3.8, §402.3]

An owner or operator shall submit a standard District application for each emissions unit affected by the proposed permit revision that qualifies as a minor permit modification. The application shall be submitted after obtaining any required preconstruction permits. The emissions unit(s) shall not commence operation until the APCO approves the permit revision. In the application, the owner or operator shall include the following:

- a. A description of the proposed permit revision, any change in emissions, and additional applicable federal requirements that will apply;
- b. Proposed permit terms and conditions; and
- c. A certification by a responsible official that the permit revision meets criteria for use of minor permit modification procedures and a request that such procedures be used. [District Rule 3.8, §402.4]

Permit Condition -Permit Reopening for Cause:

Circumstances that are cause for reopening and revision of a permit include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. The need to correct a material mistake or inaccurate statement;
 - b. The need to revise or revoke a permit to operate to assure compliance with applicable federal requirements;
 - c. The need to incorporate any new, revised, or additional applicable federal requirements, if the remaining authorized life of the permit is 3 years or greater, no later than 18 months after the promulgation of such requirement (where less than 3 years remain in the authorized life of the permit, the APCO shall incorporate the requirements into the permit to operate upon renewal); or
 - d. Additional requirements promulgated pursuant to Title IV as they become applicable to any acid rain unit governed by the permit.
- [District Rule 3.8, §413.1]

Permit Condition -Recordkeeping:

The permit holder shall record maintenance of all monitoring and support information required by any applicable federal requirement, including:

- a. Date, place, and time of sampling;
- b. Operating conditions at the time of sampling;
- c. Date, place, and method of analysis; and
- d. Results of the analysis. [District Rule 3.8, §302.6a]

The permit holder shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five years from the date of sample collection, measurement, report, or application. [District Rule 3.8 §302.6b]

Permit Condition -Reporting Requirements:

Any deviation from permit requirements, including that attributable to upset conditions (as defined in the permit), shall be promptly reported to the APCO. For the purpose of this condition prompt means as soon as reasonably possible, but no later than 10 days after detection.[District Rule 3.8, §302.7a]

A semi-annual monitoring report shall be submitted at least once every six (6) consecutive calendar months and shall identify any deviation from permit requirements, including that previously reported to the APCO pursuant to Section 302.7(a) of Rule 3.8. Unless otherwise approved in writing by the District, the following shall apply:

- a. The first six (6) month monitoring period will begin on January 1 and end on June 30, and the report will be due by July 31 of the reporting year; and
- b. The second six (6) month period will begin on July 1 and end on December 31, and the report will be due on January 31 of the following calendar year.

All reports of deviation from permit requirements shall include the probable cause of the deviation and any preventive or corrective action taken. [District Rule 3.8, §302.7c]

District Rule 3.20-Ozone Transport Mitigation

This emissions unit is exempt from Rule 3.4, Sections 302 and 303. Therefore, per Section 110.3 of this rule, this application is exempt from the requirements of this rule.

Title 17 CCR Section 93115-Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM) for Stationary Compression Ignition Engines

This state regulation requires that any new stationary emergency diesel fired engine installed after January 1, 2005 have a PM emission factor less than or equal to 0.15 g/bhp-hr. As proposed, the engine meets this requirement.

The regulation also requires that the engine comply with the following:

- The engine owner or operator will only refuel the engine with California Air Resources Board certified diesel fuel.
- The engine shall not operate more than 50 hours per year for maintenance and testing purposes.
- A non-resettable hour meter shall be installed with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours.
- The owner or operator is required to maintain a monthly log that lists the following information: emergency hours of operation, maintenance and testing hours of operation, emission testing hours of operation, initial startup hours, and fuel use through fully documented purchase records.
- The log shall be retained for a minimum of 36 months from the date of entry. Log entries made within 24 months of the most recent entry shall be retained on site and made immediately available to the District. Log entries made from 24 to 36 months from the most recent entry shall be made available to District staff within 5 working days from the request.

NSPS Applicability-40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart IIII, Standards of Performance For Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

This subpart sets standards for the manufacturers of specified stationary compression ignition engines and owners and operators of stationary compression ignition engines that commence construction or modify or reconstruct their engine after July 11, 2005.

Compliance Status: This subpart applies to manufacturers, owners and operators of specified stationary compression engines.This is

an application for an emergency stationary compression engine manufactured after April 1, 2006 and is not a fire pump engine. The source is currently in compliance with the requirements of the Subpart..

Requirement: The engine has a displacement of 2.25 liters per cylinder, therefore per §60.4205(b) the engine is subject to the emissions standards outlined in §60.4202. As demonstrated below the engine meets this requirement.

	<u>Emission Rate (g/bhp-hr)</u>	<u>Allowable Rate (g/bhp-hr)*</u>	<u>Compliance</u>
NMHC + NOx	2.70	3.0	Yes
CO	0.60	2.6	Yes
PM	0.09	0.15	Yes

*CFR 89.112

Streamlining Demonstration: The Tier III standard for this engine class and category is 3.0 g/bhp-hr for VOC + NOx, 2.6 g/bhp-hr for CO and 0.15 g/bhp-hr for PM. Subpart IIII emission standards are subsumed by the federally enforceable District Rule 3.4 requirement of an EPA certified Tier II engine for P-7-17. The District Rule 3.4 requirements is equivalent to the emission standards outlined in Subpart IIII.

Permit Condition: An emergency internal combustion engine, John Deere IC engine, Model No. 6135HF485T, 617 Brake Horsepower, to power an emergency generator [District Rule 3.4/C-10-105]

Requirement: In addition the subpart requires the owner/operator to comply with the following for this engine class and category:

- The engine and any control device must be maintained according to the manufacturer's instructions or procedures approved by the manufacturer (§60.4206 and §60.4211).
- The engine diesel fuel must meet the requirements of 40 CFR 80.510 for nonroad diesel fuel (§60.4207).
- The engine must be installed with a non-resettable hour meter prior to start-up (§60.4209).
- Maintenance and readiness testing is limited to 100 hours per year (§60.4211).

Subsuming Demonstration: The state requirements for diesel and maintenance testing are more stringent than the federal limit. Therefore, the federal requirement will be met by a.

- The District Rule 3.4 requirement for the EPA certified Tier;
- The Permit Holder shall maintain the engine and control device according to the manufacturer's instructions or alternate procedures approved by the manufacturer;
- The Permit Holder shall only refuel the IC engine with CARB certified diesel fuel;
- The Permit Holder shall install and maintain a non-resettable hour meter with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours;
- The Permit Holder shall not operate this internal combustion engine more than 50 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing purposes, and such operation shall be scheduled in cooperation with the District so as to limit air quality impact.

Permit Condition: The Permit Conditions satisfying these requirements are listed in Section 3.4.

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII. [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ]

NSPS Applicability-40 CFR, Part 60, Subpart ZZZZ, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

The provisions of this subpart apply to owners or operators of stationary reciprocating internal combustion engines at major or area sources of HAPS.

Compliance Status: This subpart applies to engines operating at any stationary source. This is an application for a new compression emergency engine at an area source. Engines constructed or reconstructed after June 12, 2006 meet the rule requirements by demonstrating compliance with Subpart IIII. The source is currently in compliance with the requirements of the Subpart.

Requirement: Stationary RICE subject to Regulations under 40 CFR Part 60. An affected source that meets any of the criteria in paragraphs (c)(1) through (7) of this section must meet the requirements of this part by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR part 60 subpart IIII, for compression ignition engines or 40 CFR part 60 subpart JJJJ, for spark ignition engines. No further requirements apply for such engines under this part.

- (1) A new or reconstructed stationary RICE located at an area source;
- (2) A new or reconstructed 2SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions;
- (3) A new or reconstructed 4SLB stationary RICE with a site rating of less than 250 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions;

- (4) A new or reconstructed spark ignition 4 stroke rich burn (4SRB) stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions;
- (5) A new or reconstructed stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions which combusts landfill or digester gas equivalent to 10 percent or more of the gross heat input on an annual basis;
- (6) A new or reconstructed emergency or limited use stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions;
- (7) A new or reconstructed compression ignition (CI) stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions.

Permit Condition: The Permit Holder shall comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII. [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII and 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ]

District Risk Management Plan and Risk Assessment Guidelines (RMPRAG)

As required by the District's RMPRAG Policy, the project's health risk will be reviewed. The review will evaluate the Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) emissions, and because the engine was installed after March 3, 2004, the risk from diesel particulate will also be quantified.

1. HAP Emissions - Excluding Diesel Particulate:

Pollutants	Emission Factor * (lb/MMBtu)	Emissions (lb/year)	Screening Level (lb/year)	Less Than Screening
Benzene	9.33E-04	0.78	6.70	Yes
Toluene	4.09E-04	0.34	38,600.00	Yes
Xylenes	2.85E-04	0.24	57,900.00	Yes
Propylene	2.58E-03	2.16	52.00	Yes
1,3-Butadiene	3.91E-05	0.03	1.10	Yes
Formaldehyde	1.18E-03	0.99	33.00	Yes
Acetaldehyde	7.67E-04	0.64	72.00	Yes
Acrolein	9.25E-05	0.08	3.90	Yes
Benz[a]anthracene	1.68E-06	0.00	0.04	Yes
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	9.91E-08	0.00	0.04	Yes
Benzo[a]pyrene	1.55E-07	0.00	0.04	Yes
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	5.83E-07	0.00	0.04	Yes
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	3.57E-07	0.00	0.04	Yes
Naphthalene	8.48E-05	0.07	270.00	Yes

* Based on AP-42, Table 3.3-2 (10/96).

Since the emissions from the above HAPs are below the screening levels, no further toxic review is required of them.

2. Diesel Particulate Cancer Risk Calculation:

<u>Dispersion Data</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Residential Emission Concentration, X/Q =	30.3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	CR	Screen3
Worksite Emission Concentration, X/Q =	30.3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$	CW	Screen3

* Conservatively, the District will use the unit's maximum dispersion concentration to evaluate both the residential and worksite receptor risks. As documented, the maximum concentration occurs at 69 meters from the source.

<u>Individual Cancer Risk (ICR)</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Formula Symbol</u>	<u>Reference</u>
Diesel Particulate Unit Risk Factor =	3E-04 (unit-less)	UR	OEHHA
Dispersion Annualizing Factor =	0.10 (unit-less)	AF	District
Residential, ICR =	0.318 in a million	ICR	ER*UR*CR*AF
Worksite, ICR =	0.209 in a million	ICW	(46/70)*ER*UR*CW*AF
Maximum, ICR =	0.318 in a million	Max Risk	Max (ICR, ICW)

* The Screen3 dispersion concentration for both the residential and the worksite receptors are annualized by a factor of 0.10.

3. Evaluation of Best Available Control Technology for Toxic Air Contaminants* (T-BACT):

Is T-BACT Required (Max Risk > 1 in a million):	No
Has T-BACT been proposed for the project:	Yes
Based on the T-BACT proposal and the maximum ICR value calculated, the project is:	Approvable

* Effective March 3, 2004, the District determined that T-BACT for a diesel fired emergency engine is either: 1) the engine manufacturer's PM10 emission certification equal to or less than 0.15 gr/hp-hr; or 2) the use of a particulate control device (e.g. Diesel

Particulate Filter (DPF), etc.) to reduce an engine's particulate matter exhaust emissions to or less than 0.15 g/bhp-hr

As proposed the project meets the requirements of the District's RMPRAG Policy, therefore no further toxics review is required.

COMMENTS:

The application does not trigger T-BACT, offset, or public notice requirements.

BACT is triggered for NOx emissions. Per BACT Determination 596-1, the equipment as proposed meets the BACT requirements for this class and category of source.

Copies of the ATC, Title V Statement of Basis Addendum/Evaluation, and proposed Title V permit changes will be mailed to the California Air Resources Board (ARB) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) Region IX.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Issue the Authority to Construct.

Engineer: _____

Date: _____

Reviewed by: _____

Date: _____